

# Welcome!

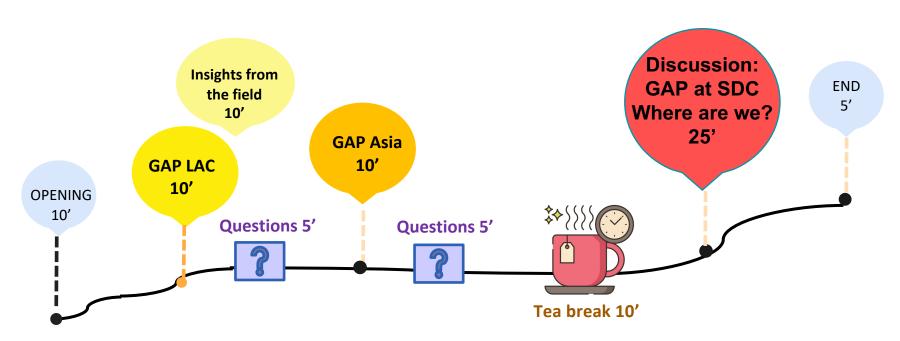
# Why a Gender Action Plan?

Gender Core Group Meeting 25.03.2021





# 1. Today's Agenda



## Warm up

### Please write in the chat:

Have you ever wrote a Gender Action Plan or worked with one?

... no? yes?

## Warm up

#### Please write in the chat:

How do you rate your knowlegde of Gender Action Plans from 1 to 10?

10 = I know all about it ©

...2?..9?

# 2. Gender Action Plan Latin America and Caribbean Division

Virginie Poyetton & Amparo Ergueta

#### Process to establish the GAP in LAC

#### The Gender Action Plan aims to strengthen gender mainstreaming Why/Objectives in the implementation of the cooperation strategies It contains specific (sub-)objectives on the level on a) mainstreaming What/Scoping b) management c) knowledge management Developed and adapted in dialogue with the Gender Focal Points of the LAC region. Who/Stakeholders The CoOf adapt the GAP by indicating selected milestones How/Process milestones for the years 2017/2018 and 2019/2020/2021, focusing in this way on country- and program specific needs 6 countries. Bolivia, Colombia, Cuba, Haiti, Honduras, Nicaragua Where/Context Latin America and the Caribbean is the region with the most inequality and violence rate on the planet. Finalized in June 2016. When/Timeline Two GAP since: 2017-2021 and 2022-2024 (in preparation) Reporting in November/New milestones in February

## **Template GAP LAC**

Objetivos	Subobjetivos	Milestones 2017 y 2018 (Quién, qué, hasta cuándo)
1. Mainstreaming/Institucionalizació	n	,
1.1 La OfCo tiene una estrategia de cooperación (EC) que contribuye a la equidad de género y que es verificada por un sistema de monitoreo.	Los ámbitos de intervención de la EC incluyen un análisis de género que da cuenta de brechas² en o la división del trabajo por género (roles y responsabilidades) o el acceso de las mujeres y de los hombres al control de los recursos a todos los niveles o las necesidades de género en cada sector de intervención     Los ámbitos de intervención de la EC incluyen indicadores de género cualitativos y cuantitativos, desagregados por sexo, y lineas de base a nivel efecto (outcome).      Al menos un cierto porcentaje (p.e. 5 %, a determinar por cada Ofco) del presupuesto de la EC (parte COSUDE) es asignado a acciones afirmativas en equidad de género.      El informe anual describe los avances en relación a las brechas de género y al logro de los indicadores planteados en la EC.	Ejemplos (importante: los circa 5 hasta máximo 10 milestones serán determinados por las OfCos según sus prioridades – aquí unos ejemplos para "inspirarse"):  • Hasta marzo 2017, grupo/persona XY realiza un análisis de género par a cada ámbito de intervención y los considera en la elaboración de la nueva estrategia de la cooperación.  • Hasta septiembre 2017, la nueva EC y el "results framework" cuenta con indicadores y lineas de base adecuados por cada ámbito de intervención.  • En 2018, la sumatoria de micro acciones, proyectos especiales y acciones parciales de proyectos dedicadas a género equivalen al menos al 5% del presupuesto anual 2018.  • En septiembre 2017, grupo/persona XY leva a cabo un taller sobre la inclusión en el informe anual de los avances en las brechas de género a nivel programa y OfCo (con participación de los autores principales del informe anual).

# Highlights & Lessons learned GAP 2017-2021

- Adaptation to context is key. A common base, different plans.
- Definition of the milestones at CoOf level
- Key role of the Gender focal point
- Experience has shown that offices should not define more than 10 milestones per 2 years period
- Bianual Regional Gender Event as a monitoring tool: The Gender Focal Points of the CoOf decide on the topic and which office will organise the meeting.
- Division of labour has to be clearly defined.
- Greater coordination with Cooperation Programmes is needed. Integration at the management level.

### **Link GAP & Cooperation Programme**

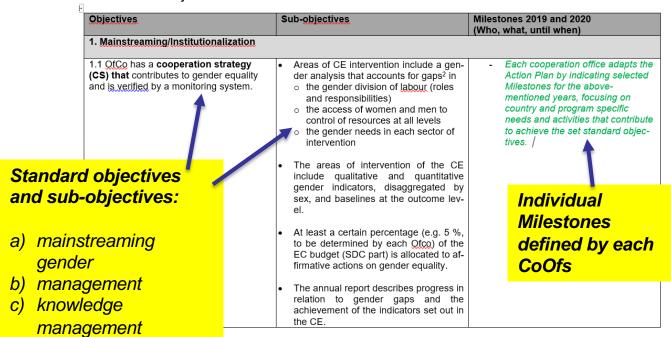
- For the period 2022-2024, the Gender Action Plans has to be adapted to the phasing-out period.
- **Objective**: guarantee gender mainstreaming at the level of the strategy (Cooperation programme) and achieve sustainability under the circumstances of the exit
- Adaptation: Include a gender transformative approach in the context of the pandemic
- Objectives:
  - Gender mainstreaming: Focus on sustainability and partners
  - •Management: Focus on MbO and Policy Dialogue
  - •KNL: Focus on CapEx (Gender Network) and Transfer to partner (existing tools)
- Integration: Role of the Gender focal point and timeline

#### Role of the Gender Focal Points

- The GFP is the person who coordinates the prioritization of milestones and collects the information for the report.
- The GFP leads capacity building activities and knowledge capitalization related to the GAP, in coordination with NPOs and the projects.
- Participate in global and regional exchanges, including key elements into the GAP to disseminate information and new knowlegde.
- In Bolivia the GFP does not work alone, she works together with a local network of gender focal points. The incentives for the group are: 1) the offer of relevant training, 2) active involvement in the different activities; 3) capitalization of knowledge.

# The way of defining country milestones

Gender Action Plan DALC 2017 - 2020<sup>1</sup> Milestones Country XXX



### Important actors to take on board

- The commitment of the management, with an active participation in the GAP design.
- The involvement of NPOs and project coordinators, to implement the GAP.
- The local focal points network, acting as a collaborative team of experts and knowledge disseminators.
- In Bolivia, the interaction with other cooperation agencies helped to amplify the scope of the GAP.



### **Evidence of success (Bolivia)**

- In the last years the MR of the AR stands out positively the reference of gender issues on the report.
- Most of the project coordinators are aware of gender issues and support our activities.
- A percentage of the projects include affirmative actions to reduce gender inequalities.
- Local focal points are concern and motivated to receive continuing training and participate in knowledge capitalization processes.



### Ask Virginie & Amparo!







# 3. Gender Equality Mainstreaming Action Plan Asia 2021-2024

Susanne Amsler

### Rational for a gender action plan at the level of the division?

- Common understanding within the division
- Facilitate collaboration among the gender focal points in the division
- Building on good SDC examples
- New and first regional Asia guidance 2021-2024
- Support from the management

# Linkages between action plans of SCO/Embassy and division?

- Having action Plans at both levels does make sense, but division of labour must be clear.
- General principle: Focus on the main tasks at each level and ensure complementarity (similar to the complementary roles of Gender Focal Points in the SCO/Embassy and in the division in Berne)

### Ownership and content of the GEMAP?

- Ownership: All staff of the Asia division, in particular programme staff and management at HQ and GFPs in the SCOs/Embassies.
- Consultative development of the plan; joint review.
- → GEMAP



### **Ask Susanne!**





## **Tea break**



Please be back in 10 Minutes ©

## 4. Gender Action Plan at SDC

#### Where are we?

- How to best integrate GAP in the cooperation programs?
- Division of labor between the Centrale and the field?
- Synergies between regional GAPs?
- Coordination between gender focal point unit and the divisions?
- Other relevant aspects?

Let's discuss



## Danke & bis bald!

